

SOMERSET COUNCIL

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT
APPLYING FOR PLANNING PERMISSION:
INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS AND THE VALIDATION
OF PLANNING APPLICATIONS FOR
MINERALS AND WASTE DEVELOPMENTS
2023

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Table Key:



Always required

Sometimes required (see text)

APPLYING FOR PLANNING PERMISSION TO SOMERSET COUNCIL - MINERALS AND WASTE TEAM

Somerset Council is committed to providing a professional and efficient Planning Control service. To provide a quality service it is essential that we receive quality applications, and this document is part of a suite of documents that will help all potential applicants to prepare their submissions to ensure that they can be dealt with promptly, and to make sure applications contain all the information that we require to efficiently process the application.

The list covers all types of applications – full, section 73, non-material amendments, Hazardous substance consent and Lawfulness Development Certificates.

The Scope/Purpose of this Document

The purpose of providing guidance on the validation of planning applications is to:-
□ help planning applicants to understand the type and extent of information that will be required of them;
provide greater certainty that officers can fully interpret and appreciate your proposals;
□ enable the Council to have all the information it needs in order to determine the application, draft the planning permission and word any planning conditions required;
□ minimise the risk that the Council will have to go back to an applicant for more information and thus help us determine your application more efficiently and to avoid delays;
□ ensure more consistency when we register and validate applications, recognising the need for variation depending on the nature of your proposal.

The extent of information requested for validation has been the subject of consultation and will be sought on the basis of what is considered to be reasonable and proportionate having regard to the scale and nature of the proposed development and material considerations - as set out in The Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 Part 3 Article 11 (3) (c).

The local validation checklist should be reviewed and republished bi-annually as required under The Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 Part 3, Article 11 (3) (d).

This document lists the minimum national and local information requirements for planning applications. In order to assist you as much as possible there are notes included which explain what we expect you to submit in each case. Applicants should note that in some cases additional information not contained within these lists may be required; however, the absence of such information will not impair the registration of the process and will be sought post-validation.

Pre-application advice

Before submitting your application Somerset Council requests that you consider seeking pre-application advice. It can be very helpful for you to seek our advice about your planning proposals before submitting your actual application. This can help to overcome potential difficulties and make sure your application addresses all the important planning considerations. It is an opportunity to better understand the way in which an application will be judged against the policies in the development plan and other material considerations. Here is a link to our pre-application guidance: https://wwwmedia.somerset.gov.uk/wp-content/uploads/2019/12/Planning-pre-application-advice-protocol.pdf

Invalid Applications

The Council can decline to determine any invalid application. We will notify you if the application is invalid and will normally allow you the opportunity to rectify the situation by submitting the additional information. Applications which have been declared invalid will be returned if the required additional information has not been provided within 28 days of notification. In addition, if the initial check upon receipt suggests that an application is acceptable but is subsequently found to be invalid, we can de-register the application in order to make sure it is corrected.

If you disagree with our reasons for invalidating the application, please contact us on 01823 358254 to discuss the issue (or via e-mail to planningmineralsandwaste@somerset.gov.uk) If the dispute cannot be resolved and more than 8 weeks have passed since the application was submitted for determination (or 13 weeks, for major applications or 16 weeks for large major applications), you may have the right to appeal against non-determination on the grounds of invalidity after 8 or 13/16 weeks (as applicable).

Details on this are available from The Planning Inspectorate https://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/planning-inspectorate

Planning Application Forms (1APP)

For Waste applications you are required to use the standard planning application forms ('1APP form') found on the Planning Portal on www.planningportal.gov.uk

You are encouraged to submit your planning application online via the Planning Portal. There is not currently the facility to submit Minerals applications via the Planning Portal. Instead, please complete our own SC form which can be found at https://www.somerset.gov.uk/waste-planning-and-land/apply-for-planning-permission-for-a-minerals-development/ and submit your application via email to planningmineralsandwaste@somerset.gov.uk

Any supporting information not submitted through the portal can be provided on an electronic storage device.

Whilst an electronic submission is preferred, if you wish to submit paper copies of the required forms and plans you will need to submit 1 paper copy to: Planning Section, Somerset Council, County Hall, The Crescent, Taunton, TA1 4DY.

Cross boundary applications

It may be that your proposal straddles two County boundaries. In this case the Authority with the majority of the application site will handle your proposal (although the relevant Authority will consult with the neighbouring authority during the processing of the application)

Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Application		Online & electronic submissions are	The Town and Country Planning (Development
Form/Certificates/Fee		encouraged.	Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015
	(••)	Additional copies may be requested if	
		needed for	
		consultation.	
		Please make sure you complete all the	
		relevant sections;	
		Paper copies - make sure that all copies	
		are signed.	
		Online copies – typed signatures are	
		accepted.	
		It should be noted that the planning portal	
		does not accept Minerals applications -	
		the required forms are accessible here	
		https://www.somerset.gov.uk/waste-	
		planning-and-land/apply-for-planning-	
		permission-for-a-minerals-development/	
		-	

Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Location Plan (existing		☐ All applications must include a location	The Town and Country Planning (Development
and proposed)		plan an up-to-date map (preferably from	Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015
	(••)	an Ordnance Survey base) ideally at a	
		metric scale of 1:1250 or 1:2500.	
		☐ Plans should show (where possible) at	
		least two named roads and any	
		surrounding buildings. Any other public	
		rights of way affected (if known) should also be shown.	
		☐ The direction of North should be shown.	
		☐ Any properties shown should be	
		numbered or named to ensure that the	
		exact location of the application site is	
		clear.	
		☐ The application site must be edged	
		clearly with a red line. It should include all	
		land necessary to carry out the proposed	
		development including land required for	
		access to the site from a public highway,	
		visibility splays, landscaping, car parking	
		and open areas around buildings.	
		A blue line must be drawn around any	
		other land owned by the applicant, close to	
		or adjoining the application site. ☐ Plans should be clearly titled and given a	
		unique reference number, signed and dated.	
		dilique reference number, signed and dated.	

Site/Block Plan (existing and proposed) Block plan not relevant for most mineral development but a site layout plan showing faces, processing areas, welfare and workshop or other buildings is required This should be drawn at a scale of at 1:200 or 1:500 (for larger sites it may be permissible for a 1:1000 scale) and should accurately show: The direction of North; The proposed development in relation to the site boundaries and other existing buildings on the site, with written dimensions including those to the boundaries; All the buildings, roads and footpaths on land adjoining the site boundary including access arrangements; Areas for parking and access to serve the site itself; The Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 The Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 The Town and Country Planning (Development in 1:200 or 1:500 (for larger sites it may be permissible for a 1:1000 scale) and should accurately show: The Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 The Town and Country Planning (Development in 1:200 or 1:500 (for larger sites it may be permissible for a 1:1000 scale) and should accurately should accurately show: The Town and Country Planning (Development in 1:200 or 1:500 (for larger sites it may be permissible for a 1:1000 scale) and should accurately be permissible for a 1:1000 scale) and should accurately should accurat	Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
	Site/Block Plan (existing and proposed) Block plan not relevant for most mineral development but a site layout plan showing faces, processing areas, welfare and workshop or other	Required?	 □ This should be drawn at a scale of at 1:200 or 1:500 (for larger sites it may be permissible for a 1:1000 scale) and should accurately show: ○ The direction of North; ○ The proposed development in relation to the site boundaries and other existing buildings on the site, with written dimensions including those to the boundaries; ○ All the buildings, roads and footpaths on land adjoining the site boundary including access arrangements; ○ Areas for parking and access to serve the site itself; ○ The species, position and spread of all trees within 12 metres of any proposed buildings or operations; ○ The extent and type of any hard surfacing; ○ Boundary treatment including walls or 	The Town and Country Planning (Development

- The location and identity of fixed and mobile plant associated with the development - It is also helpful to identify residential development associated with, or in the ownership of the developer as this may influence consideration of amenity

Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Elevation Drawings		Only required when buildings or structures	The Town and Country Planning (Development
(existing and		are involved in the application.	Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015
proposed)			
	\ — /	Where existing buildings or walls are to	
		be demolished these should be clearly	
		shown. The drawings	
		submitted should show details of the	
		existing building(s) as well as those for	
		the proposed development. The plans	
		should show the relationship the	
		proposal and any buildings nearby,	
		including the position of any openings.	
		☐ New buildings should also be shown in	
		context with adjacent buildings. All sides	
		of the proposal must be shown and	
		these should indicate, where possible,	
		the proposed building materials and	
		the style, materials and finish of windows	
		and doors. Blank elevations must also be	
		included; if only to show that this is in	
		fact the case. Where a proposed	
		elevation adjoins another building or is in	
		close proximity, the drawings should	
		clearly	
		show the relationship between the	
		buildings, and detail the positions of the	
		openings on each property.	
		☐ Plans will be checked for consistency;	
		any significant discrepancies will result in	
		the application being invalid. Any plans	

		marked with a disclaimer (such as "do not scale" or "not to scale") will result in the application not being valid.	
Floor Plans (existing and proposed)	•••	Only required when buildings are involved in the application □ Plans should show all relevant existing and proposed floor plans.	The Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015
Roof Plans (existing and proposed)		Only required when buildings are involved in the application A roof plan, which shows the shape of the roof, its material, vents and other relevant details, should also be submitted.	The Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015

Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Section Plans / Levels		Required when there is a change in	The Town and Country Planning (Development
(existing and		ground levels or when buildings are	Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015
proposed)	 	proposed.	
proposes,		□ In all cases where a proposal involves a change in ground levels, drawings should be submitted to show both existing and finished levels. Full information should also be submitted to demonstrate how proposed buildings relate to existing site levels and neighbouring development. These plans should show existing site levels and finished floor levels (with levels related to a fixed datum point off site) and also show the proposals in relation to adjoining buildings. □ Plans drawn at a scale of 1:50 or 1:100 showing a cross section(s) through the proposed building(s) should be submitted. □ The drawings may take the form of contours, spot levels or cross or long sections as appropriate to the type of development proposed. □ Development on sloping sites must be carefully considered and as such the respective levels are very important as part of a submission.	

Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Photographs	•••	Useful for identifying the site and illustrating the potential impact/benefit of the proposed development. Photographs should include views of site and existing development with additional views from the site toward locations of environmental sensitivity where impacts may form a planning consideration. Details of site entry / exist, internal haul route and significant plant and machinery will help clarify description of intended development.	
Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Draft S106 / Heads of Terms	(• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Planning obligations (or "section 106 agreements") are private agreements negotiated between local planning authorities and persons with an interest in a piece of land (or "developers") and are intended to make acceptable development	NPPF – Planning conditions and obligations (paras 54-57) Planning Practice Guidance – Planning Obligations. Policy SD1 – Somerset Minerals Plan

	which would otherwise be unacceptable in planning terms.	Policy SD1 – Somerset Waste Core Strategy
	This could include brief draft heads of terms for an agreement, or even a draft section 106 Agreement or unilateral undertaking.	
	Applicants should clarify the Council's potential requirements in pre-application discussions and confirm any planning obligations that they might need to meet.	

Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Statement of Community Involvement	Required?	What is required? All applications, particularly where a boundary is shared with a private residential or sensitive use (proportionate and specific to the development) The statement should include: • details of any consultation held with any neighbours of the site; • any issues identified through this consultation; and • the response to these issues and how the proposal has been amended. If consultation is not carried out, the reasons as to why it has not taken place should be included in the application.	Reason/Policy justification NPPF Paragraphs 39-46 Planning Act 2008 (see section 37.3.c of the act) Policy DM8 – Protection of local amenity - Somerset Minerals Plan Somerset Waste Core Strategy - Objective E: to empower local people to become more involved in the management of waste as a resource

Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Environmental		Compulsory for all development	The Town and Country Planning (Environmental Impact
Impact		listed in Schedule 1 and for all	Assessment) Regulations 2017 (as amended)
Assessment	(• •)	development listed in Schedule 2 likely to have significant effects on	The Consequation of Hebitate and Chasica Degulations 2017
(E.I.A)/Environ ment Statement		the environment.	The Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017
ment Statement			Helpful Guidance
		Where a development is subject to	Environmental Impact Assessment
		EIA and there is also a requirement to carry out a Habitats Regulation	
		Assessment (HRA), where	
		appropriate, the HRA and the EIA	
		must be co-ordinated.	

Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Utilities Site		A site survey for infrastructure such	NPPF - Paragraph 180
Survey		as electricity overhead lines,	
	/ ()	underground cables, drainage	Policy DM4 – Somerset Minerals Plan
	\ <u> </u>	infrastructure, hazardous	
		substances, gas supplies, or	Policy DM7, DM8 – Somerset Waste Core Strategy
		substations that could be affected	
		either by the proposed development	
		or by its construction activity should	
		be included.	
		Where an application is within 15m	
		of an overhead line or 10m of a	
		substation or an underground cable,	
		or the access to a substation or	
		pylon, Western Power Distribution	
		should be consulted prior to an	
		application being made.	
		National Grid has information on	
		their overheard lines and substations	
		on their website here. The Health	
		and Safety Executive has	
		information for proposals that are	
		near hazardous installations here.	

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Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Mineral		Applicable to all types of	Somerset Minerals Plan – Chapter 11 and Policy SMP9.
Safeguarding		development. An applicant will	Mineral safeguarding areas shown on Map 8 and safeguarded
		need to demonstrate that	infrastructure on Maps 9 -11 respectively of the Somerset
	(_ /	satisfactory consideration has been	Minerals Plan.
		given in regard to the proximity of	
		safeguarded mineral resources.	*Exemption List - Table 6 (SMP)
		Saleguarded Tilliteral Tesources.	Exemption List - Table 6 (Sivil)
		Where non-mineral development is	NPPF – para 204 – 206.
		proposed within a Mineral	141 1 - para 204 - 200.
		Safeguarded Area, other than	Further information on mineral safeguarding is contained in the
		·	
		those type of exempted	Planning Officer Society / Mineral Product Association guidance
		developments*, it will be necessary	document:
		to demonstrate to the satisfaction	https://www.mineralproducts.org/documents/MPA_POS_Minera
		of the MPA that sterilisation of	Is _Safeguarding_Guidance_Document.pdf.
		proven mineral resources of	
		economic importance will not occur	
		or prejudice the use of safeguarded	
		operational / permitted mineral	
		sites as a result of the	
		development, plus future extraction	
		in the vicinity would not be	
		constrained.	
		This is formed a contribution of the	
		This information could be included	
	Ì	in a Mineral	
		Resource/Infrastructure	
		Assessment.	
	l		

Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy Justification
Waste Site	Required	Applicable to all types of	Somerset Waste Core Strategy – Chapter 14 and Policy DM5.
Safeguarding		development. An applicant will	Somerset waste core strategy - Chapter 14 and Folicy Divis.
Saleguarung	/ = =/	need to demonstrate that	A list of waste sites is maintained by the Council's Annual
	()	satisfactory consideration has been	Monitoring Report available on the Council's website:
		given in regard to proximity of	www.somerset.gov.uk/waste-planning-and-land/minerals-and-
		development in relation to both	waste-development-scheme.
		operational and proposed waste	waste-development-scheme.
		sites. Waste sites need to be	
		safeguarded against non-waste	
		related uses /inappropriate	
		development that may result in the	
		closure or relocation of those	
		facilities.	
		racinues.	
		Where non-waste development is	
		proposed on or adjacent to existing	
		sites or those with planning	
		permission for waste management	
		facilities, it will be necessary to	
		demonstrate to the satisfaction of	
		the WPA:	
		a) That the operation of the existing	
		or planned waste management	
		facility is not, or will not be,	
		detrimentally affected and the	
		development proposal would not	
		suffer unacceptable adverse	
		impacts as a result of the operation	
		of the waste facility; or	
		b) there is an overriding need for	
		the development in that location.	
		and development in that location.	
	1	1	

Required	What is Required?	Reason/Policy Justification
	Concept scheme required at	NPPF paragraph 204 – 206.
	application stage for all	
		NPPW paragraph 7
	•	Policy DM7 – Somerset Minerals Plan
		Policy DM4 – Somerset Waste Core Strategy
	·	Somerset Minerals Plan – Policy SMP7 and DM8.
	• •	
		PPG – Minerals/hydrocarbon extraction.
	·	Application Form available from:
	·	https;//www.planningportal.co.uk/info/200126/applications/61/pa
	•	per_forms/2
	·	'Guidance on Fracking: developing shale gas in the UK' -
	-	available from Department for Business, Energy and Industrial
		Strategy (BEIS) at <u>www.gov.uk</u> .
	аррисацоп.	
	Community ongagoment regarding	
	life of the site.	
	Required	Concept scheme required at application stage for all applications (pertaining to mineral and landfill development), detailed scheme to be subject of condition, timing dependent on site and duration of operations. General requirements covered in section 6 of the application form for onshore oil and gas development. This includes: - What phase of development - Brief description of development - Quantity (m3) - Period of permission - Location of hydrocarbon licence block - Surface area (ha) - If an ES attached to the application. Community engagement regarding oil and gas extraction is very important. This is applicable to both pre application and during the operational life of the site. An applicant must outline how they intend to engage with local communities during the operational

Document	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy Justification
Public Rights of Way and Green Infrastructure Assessment	Required?	For all development that may impact upon the use or enjoyment of a Public Right of Way, Town or Village Green, Open Access Land, Common Land or other public green space or infrastructure. The submitted information should include plans showing existing Public Rights of Way within or adjacent to the application site. Details of any proposed or current diversions or temporary closures of the rights of way should be provided. Any proposed Rights of Way should be included and shown on plans. Details of these proposals should also be included in the Planning Statement. Temporary diversions in connection with Minerals development can be secured under Section 257 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. However, these powers for temporary diversion cannot be used in connection with Waste developments except when part of the restoration proposals for a mineral development.	NPPF paragraphs 96, 97 NPPG – Open Space, Sports and Recreation Facilities, Public Rights of Way and Local Green Space Somerset Minerals Plan – DM6 Somerset Waste Core Strategy – DM3

Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Aerodrome statement (safeguarding)	(= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	Statement reacting to the proposals impact (if any) on the nearby aerodrome safeguarding zone. In terms of whether your proposal falls within such a zone you should contact your Area Planning team.	Circular 01/2003: Safeguarding aerodromes, technical sites and military explosives storage areas
Green Belt Assessment	(<u>•</u> •	There is only a small area of land in Somerset which is classed as Green Belt which is in the former Mendip District Council Area Refer to Area East planning policy webpages for further information: https://www.mendip.gov.uk/planningpolicy	NPPF - section 13: protecting green belt land Somerset and Exmoor National Park Joint Structure Plan Review 1991-2011 (April 2000) Policies - saved policy 6
Coal Mining risk assessment	(• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Coalfields are divided into high and low risk areas. A high-risk area is where there are hazards that are likely to affect new development. Planning applications for proposals involving built development or disturbance to the ground in Development High Risk Areas, as defined by the Coal Authority, and held electronically by the Local Planning Authority, should be accompanied by a Coal Mining Risk Assessment. Further information can be found on the Coal Authority website including an interactive map showing the extent	PPG Somerset Minerals Plan – Policy DM10 and SMP7 Coal Mining Risk Assessment (version 6)

	informatio	rral area and the n required for inclusion in Mining Risk Assessment.	
Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Archaeological		Required in Areas of High	NPPF paragraph 189
Assessment	(<u>•</u> •	Archaeological Potential. In terms of defining whether your proposal lies in an Area of High Archaeological Potential you should contact your relevant planning authority.	Policies DM3 – Somerset Waste Core Strategy
Heritage Statement		Required for works within a	NPPF Paragraph 189
	(<u>•</u> •	Conservation Area, works adjacent or to a Listed Building, Scheduled Ancient Monument.	Policy DM3 – Somerset Minerals Plan Policy DM3 – Somerset Waste Core Strategy
			, ,,
Education Statement		Required for all school related development. This should set out the reasons why such facilities are required: • explaining how the proposal helps to deliver Somerset Council's statutory responsibilities in relation to education • including a consideration of the existing school facilities; • identifying the benefits the development will deliver to the school and local community, and what improvements it will deliver for teaching and learning; and • setting out the alternative options that were considered and, where relevant, local demographic pressures on school places should be explained.	National Policy The School Premises (England) Regulations 2012, The Education (Independent School Standards) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2012 NPPF – Paragraph 72

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Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Flood Risk		Applicants should refer to the National Flood Risk Standing Advice and Local Flood Risk	NPPF paragraphs 155-165
Assessment (FRA)		Standing Advice Standing Advice https://www.gov.uk/guidance/flood-risk- assessment-for-planning-	Policy DM4, DM7 – Somerset Minerals Plan Policy DM2, DM7 – Somerset Waste Core
		applications#which-developments-need-a- flood-risk-assessment	Strategy
		Here is a useful link to Local Standing Advice for Flood Risk from the Environment Agency standing advice for flood risk for Somerset, 2014:	
		https://www.somerset.gov.uk/waste- planning-and-land/apply-for-planning- permission/	

Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Hydrological and Hydrogeological Assessments	Tequired?	For waste applications that involve significant ground works or the infilling of land, dewatering or abstraction and major Regulation 3 applications which require significant ground works. All applications should include: • details of existing groundwater levels; • impacts of the development on existing water levels; • mitigation measures and management of such impacts; and • for applications within a groundwater source protection zone, a risk assessment will be required considering the impact on water quality and resources. For applications involving dewatering or abstraction, the assessment should also include: • calculations of the extent and volumes of dewatering; • details of topography and surface drainage, artificial ground, superficial deposits, landslip deposits, rockhead depth, bedrock geology and details of any borehole reports including any information with regard to both licensed and unlicensed abstractions, where necessary; • details of the natural water table including its depth, source catchment areas and characteristics:	NPPF – Paragraphs 17 and 109 Policies DM4, DM5, DM7 - Somerset Minerals Plan Policy DM2, DM3, DM4, DM5 – Somerset Waste Core Strategy EA Guidance on groundwater protection (GP3)

	consideration of the potential impact upon any wetland SSSI; evidence that third parties will not be affected by the dewatering, and where there is a potential impact upon public and private water supplies, water bodies or watercourses details of mitigating measures must be included in the application; details of proposed methods of dewatering and proposed methods of water disposal; proposed measures to control potential pollution to protect ground and surface water; and any necessary drainage and flood control measures; and proposed monitoring measures, including any requirements for the provision of settlement lagoons; the way in which surface water is to be disposed of; the avoidance of impairing drainage from adjoining areas; and the prevention of material entering open watercourses. Monitoring of the existing water regime for at least 12 months prior to submission of the application may be necessary in order to ensure that surface and ground water can be safeguarded. principles	
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Document/Plan Drainage Plan and Strategy	Required?	What is required? This should be indicative/conceptual for outline residential and commercial schemes. This should be detailed for full submissions. The plans should detail the surface and foul water drainage strategy and should include Sustainable Urban Drainage principles.	Reason/Policy justification NPPF paragraph 155 – 165 Policy DM4 – Somerset Minerals Plan Policy DM2, DM7 – Somerset Waste Core Strategy Local guidance, West of England SUDs guidance on SCC website https://www.somerset.gov.uk/waste-planning-and-land/sustainable-drainage-in-somerset/

Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Geological assessment and mineral properties assessment for mineral development	<u>•</u> <u>•</u>	Minerals development only.	Policy DM2, DM8 – Somerset Minerals Plan
Geotechnical Assessment	(T)	Required where land instability may be an issue. A geotechnical study should be provided where a proposed development may have potential impacts on the underlying geology or stability of the site or land adjacent to it. Where proposals are being made to support existing unstable ground, information on the mitigation and/or compensation measures will be needed.	NPPF paragraphs 178, 179, 180 and 183
Soil Management Plan		Required where large-scale earth moving is proposed.	NPPF Policy DM2 – Somerset Minerals Plan.

Geological, Land and Soils

Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Transport Assessment / Statement (Minor Developments)	(<u>•</u> •	Required for development that is likely to: • Result in a material increase or change in the traffic • Affect a classified road or proposed highway • Involve the laying out or construction of a highway or access.	Policy DM9 – Minerals Transportation – Somerset Minerals Plan Policy SD1, DM1, DM6 – Somerset Waste Core Strategy
Travel Plan (most Major developments)	(- T)	For information as to when travel plans are required and what they must contain please see: https://www.somerset.gov.uk/waste-planning-and-land/travel-plans/	Policy DM9 – Minerals Transportation – Somerset Minerals Plan Policy SD1, DM1, DM6 – Somerset Waste Core Strategy
Road Records Plan	(T)		Policy DM9 – Minerals Transportation – Somerset Minerals Plan Policy SD1, DM1, DM6 – Somerset Waste Core Strategy

Transport/Highways

Document/Plan Biodiversity Checklist/Ecology Report	Required?	What is required? if works are proposed which may affect protected species or habitats. It will be a requirement to complete a Biodiversity Checklist (please see the appendix to this guidance) and include within your application. If you answer 'yes' to any question you must include the requisite ecology report unless otherwise agreed.	Reason/Policy justification Policy DM2 – Somerset Minerals Plan. Policy DM3 – Somerset Waste Core Strategy The Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017
Biodiversity Net Gain Statement (BNG)		National minimum requirements are set out in Article 7 of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).	National Requirement Somerset BNG Guidance Note

The Somerset BNG Guidance Note (see - https://www.somerset.gov.uk/planning-

Ecology

buildings-and-land/biodiversity-andplanning/biodiversity-net-gain/) sets out the local validation information requirements for the purposes of considering BNG and planning applications in its Appendix 4. This provides guidance for applicants and justifies the requirement for additional information to be submitted at validation stage beyond the national minimum requirements. In addition to the national minimum requirements, Somerset Council requires sufficient information about the proposed strategy for delivering at least 10% BNG (including the expected balance between on-site, off-site and credits) to be submitted as part of a BNG-liable planning application. This focuses on submission of a BNG Statement, with exact content requirements differing depending on the type of application. Most minerals and waste applications will likely be phased developments. Applicants should review the BNG Guidance Note for detail on the content and format of the BNG Statement and other specifics required under each heading below. The local validation requirements for BNG are:

- Wildlife/Ecology Survey
- Biodiversity Checklist
- Arboriculture Report

Ecology

		 BNG Statement (including all necessary information as set out in the BNG Guidance Note for the type of application) Completed Biodiversity Metric (Macros disabled Excel version and PDF) BNG plans and drawings GIS data (providing same information as BNG plans and drawings) Declaration Form Completed SHEP/HEP Metric (where necessary) 	
Phosphate	(T)	Required for certain types of applications: Somerset Phosphate Budget Calculator	National Requirement

Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Tree Survey and Protection Measures	(<u>•</u> •	Required for proposals where there are trees within or adjoining the site. A Tree Survey, Arboricultural Method Statement and Tree Protection Plan should be prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced arboricultural consultant in accordance with	BS. 5837 (2012)

Landscape

	BS 5837:2012 Trees in relation to design,
	demolition and construction.
Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment	Required for developments that have the potential to result in a significant visual impact which may include (but is not limited to): Solar and wind energy projects Development in or on the edge of the open countryside or AONB New and/or extended waste facility sites New and/or extended quarry sites Policy DM1 – Somerset Minerals Plan Policy DM3, DM4, DM7 and DM9 – Somerset Waste Core Strategy Relevant District Local Plan.

Document/Plan Required? What is required? Reason/Policy justification	Do	Oocument/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
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Lighting Assessment	Proposals involving external lighting should be accompanied by details of external lighting, including the: location, height, design, sensors, luminance, and hours of use. The details shall ensure the lighting is designed to minimise the potential nuisance of light spillage on receptors, particularly adjoining properties the natural environment and highways.	NPPF – Paragraph 180 NPPG in the section on Light Pollution. Somerset Minerals Plan – Policy DM10 and SMP7 Institute of Lighting Professionals in: Guidance for the Reduction of Obtrusive Light 2011 and Bats and Lighting in the UK; and from BS 5489-1:2013: Code of practice for the design of road lighting.
Noise / Vibration Assessments	Required when either: (a) Noise/vibration arising from the development is expected to be at a level sufficient to appear distinct or result in a significant change at any sensitive location, or (b) Noise/vibration impacting on the development might be expected to be at a level sufficient to have consequence to its intended use. A noise/vibration assessment may be required to establish the pre-development situation at potentially sensitive locations (that may include dwellings, gardens & areas of recreational amenity, protected wildlife areas, commercial areas and public buildings and spaces) over representative periods related to development. The sources and emissions from a development will need to be fully detailed in	National Policy Noise Policy Statement of England, Planning Practice Guidance-Noise, Minerals Guidance, Environmental Impact Assessment Local Policy Somerset Minerals Plan DM6 DM8 DM9, Somerset Waste Core Strategy DM3, Helpful Guidance Guidelines for Environmental Noise Impact Assessment

Document/Plan	Required?	locations shall be detailed along with any operational and prediction assumptions made. Discussion shall be provided to show the consequential impacts of development on all sensitive locations with either, the suggested operational measures or mitigation thought necessary to make development acceptable, or the justification to regard impacts as not significant to planning. Almost always needed for minerals and waste applications	Reason/Policy justification
		operational and prediction assumptions made.	

	T	<u></u>
Playing Field Assessment	Required for all development which affects a playing field. The assessment should include: • plans identifying existing and proposed marked playing pitches (for winter and summer games) including safety margins; • what the playing field is used for, when and by whom; • the amount of playing field affected and whether this affects useable or unusable playing field; • a statement of need explaining why the proposed development would justify the loss of the playing field; • whether alternative sites for the development have been considered and why these have been discounted; • whether the proposal is thought to meet one of Sport England's policy exceptions. Details of these Exceptions can be found on Sport England's website; and • details demonstrating the compliance with the Playing Pitch Strategy prepared by the relevant district authority. If the proposed development triggers a Playing Field Assessment, you should consult Sport England at the earliest opportunity.	NPPF – Paragraphs 73 and 74 PPG – Open Space, sports and recreation facilities
	Assessment, you should consult Sport	

Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Land Contamination Report	(• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Required for application sites where there has been a previous or suspected contaminative use at the site AND: Operational development is proposed where there would be disturbance to the ground or groundwater regime AND/OR A vulnerable use is proposed where human health may be impacted	PPG – Land affected by contamination Policy DM2, DM3 and DM4 – Somerset Waste Core Strategy
Landfill Statement		Required for Waste Applications	Landfill (England and Wales) Regulations 2002. National Planning Policy for Waste 2014 Policy DM2, DM3 and DM4 – Somerset Waste Core Strategy

Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Waste Planning		Required for all waste related applications.	National Planning Policy for Waste
Statement		The Waste Planning Statement should	
	 	include all of the information required in the	PPG – Waste
	\ _ /	above Planning Statement section and,	
		where applicable:	Policy WCS1 and WCS2, WCS3, WCS4 and
		how the facility meets sustainable waste	WCS5 - Somerset Waste Core Strategy
		management, drives waste up the waste	5,
		hierarchy and does not undermine	
		movement up the waste hierarchy (prevent,	
		reuse, recycle, other recovery and disposal);	
		 how the facility meets the spatial strategy 	
		of the Somerset Waste Core Strategy	
		the maximum annual capacity of the	
		facility and the types, quantities and sources	
		of waste;	
		• a statement of how the facility meets	
		Somerset's requirements, the need will need	
		to be demonstrated if the proposal is not	
		consistent with the Somerset Waste Core	
		Strategy; • details of the operational and processing	
		methods, and if landfill, details of phasing	
		and timeframes for filling;	
		 details of any existing features of the site 	
		that require removal or diversion;	
		 details of stockpiles including heights; 	
		details of stockplies including heights, details of any residual materials and how	
		they will be managed;	
		details of how any energy produced will be	
		utilised; • details of site management and	
		monitoring procedures; and	
		• details of the restoration and aftercare	
		proposed.	
		propossa.	

Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Waste Audit Statement		Dependent upon the scale of the proposed development, the following information is required to demonstrate that the applicant has planned effectively for waste prevention and sustainable management of waste generated during the design and construction phase of the development. WCS1 sets out criteria for proposed developments to submit information in relation to waste prevention, according to the scale of development: A site waste management statement for the construction of minor development (less than 10 dwellings or where the floorspace to be created by the development is less than 1000m2); or A site waste management plan for the construction of 10 or more dwellings or where the floor space to be created by the development is 1000m2 or more; or A site waste management strategy for the construction of large-scale major projects (200 or more dwellings or where the development covers more than 10,000 m2) or for multi-site projects within the same application. The waste audit should also take account of Policy WSC2 in regard to designing for the effective separation, temporary storage and collection of waste.	National Planning Policy for Waste Planning Practice Guidance: Waste NPPF Paragraph 7 Policy WSC1, WSC2 – Somerset Waste Core Strategy Policy DM8 – Somerset Minerals Plan Somerset Waste Partnership Developer Guidance document available from their website: https://www.somersetwaste.gov.uk/developer- guidance/ Estate Roads in Somerset - Design Guidance Notes: https://www.somerset.gov.uk/residential- and-commercial-development/#Technical- Advice-Notes Further details provided in the ADEPT guidance document "Making space for Waste - Designing Waste Management in New Developments, a practical guide for developers and Local Authorities". It covers residential (Chapter 3), commercial (Chapter 4) mixed use development (Chapter 5) and can be accessed from the ADEPT website here:

Sustainable Design and Waste Management

		WCS - WCS2: waste recycling and reuse Requirement that during the planning stages of residential and non-residential development, Somerset Council (as Waste Planning Authority) will encourage the provision of adequate space and facilities – both within buildings and externally - that enables effective separation, temporary storage and collection of waste. Also require effective access to be provided, via its highway standards, throughout new development for waste collection and recycling vehicles.	https://www.adeptnet.org.uk/documents/making-space-waste-designing-waste-management-new-developments Additional information on site waste management plans are available from the Waste and Resource Action Programme (WRAP).
Document/Plan	Required?	What is required?	Reason/Policy justification
Sustainable Design and Construction Statement		Applicable to all types of development. Statement required detailing how sustainable forms of design/ construction have been incorporated into the new development and any proposed renewable	NPPF NPPG: Climate Change
		energy technologies.	Policy DM2 – Somerset Waste Core Strategy

